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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 10/083,771 | 02/27/2002 | Huey Thomas Crochet | | 5459 |
| 7 | 590 04/11/2003 | | | |
| HUEY THON | MAS CROCHET | | EXAMINER | |
| P O BOX 344 ONALASKA, TX 77360 ROWAN, KURT | | | KURT C | |
| ONALASKA, | 1X 77500 | | | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | • | 3643 | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 04/11/2003 | i |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Application No. 10/083,771

Applicant(s)

CROCHET

Examiner

Office Action Summary

KURT ROWAN

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| - | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears | on the cover sheet with the correspondence address |
|------------------------|---|---|
| | for Reply | TO EVAIDE 2 MONTH/CVEDOM |
| | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. | TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM |
| - Extens | ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In | no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the |
| - If the | , date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within th | e statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. |
| - If NO p - Failure | period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause th | nd will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| · Any re | ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of to patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | |
| Status | patent term adjustment. Good of Griff 1.70 (18). | |
| 1) 💢 | Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jan 31, 2 | |
| 2a) 💢 | This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This act | ion is non-final. |
| 3) 🗆 | Since this application is in condition for allowance eclosed in accordance with the practice under Ex pair | except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is reference Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. |
| Disposi | tion of Claims | |
| 4) 💢 | Claim(s) 9 and 10 | is/are pending in the application. |
| 4 | la) Of the above, claim(s) | is/are withdrawn from consideration. |
| 5) 🗆 | Claim(s) | is/are allowed. |
| 6) 💢 | Claim(s) 9 and 10 | is/are rejected. |
| 7) 🗆 | Claim(s) | is/are objected to. |
| 8) 🗆 | Claims | are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. |
| Applica | tion Papers | |
| 9) 🗌 | The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | |
| 10) | The drawing(s) filed on is/are | a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner. |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the d | rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). |
| 11) | The proposed drawing correction filed on | is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner. |
| | If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t | o this Office action. |
| 12) | The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami | ner. |
| Priority | under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | |
| 13) 🗌 | Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr | iority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). |
| a) [| ☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of: | |
| | 1. \square Certified copies of the priority documents hav | e been received. |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents hav | e been received in Application No |
| | 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority de application from the International Bures | |
| *S | ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the | e certified copies not received. |
| 14) | Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). |
| a) [| $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ | I application has been received. |
| 15) | Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic | priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. |
| Attachm | | |
| _ | otice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). |
| _ | otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) 🔲 lm | formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). | 6) Other: |

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout and content for patent applications.

These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

The following order or arrangement is preferred in framing the specification and, except

for the reference to the drawings, each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without

underling or bold type, as section headings. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase

"Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

Title of the Invention. (a)

Cross-Reference to Related Applications. (b)

Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research or Development. \bigcirc

Reference to a "Sequence Listing," a table, or a computer program listing appendix (d)

submitted on compact disc (see 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5)).

(e) Background of the Invention.

> 1. Field of the Invention.

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Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37
 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.

- (f) Brief Summary of the Invention.
- (g) Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s).
- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention.
- (I) Claim or Claims (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) Drawings.
- (1) Sequence Listing, if on paper (see 37 CFR 1.821-1.825).

2.

Content of Specification

- (a) <u>Title of the Invention</u>: See 37 CFR 1.72(a) and MPEP § 606. The title of the invention should be placed at the top of the first page of the specification. It should be brief but technically accurate and descriptive, preferably from two to seven words may not contain more than 500 characters.
- (b) Cross-References to Related Applications: See 37 CFR 1.78 and MPEP § 201.11.
- © Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research and Development: See MPEP § 310.

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(d) Reference to a "Microfiche Appendix": See 37CFR 1.96© and MPEP § 608.05, if the application was filed before March 1, 2001. The total number of microfiche and the total number of frames should be specified. Reference to a "Sequence Listing," a table, or a computer program listing appendix submitted on compact disc and an incorporation by reference of the material on the compact disc.

- (e) <u>Background of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(c). The specification should set forth the Background of the Invention in two parts:
 - (1) Field of the Invention: A statement of the field of art to which the invention pertains. This statement may include a paraphrasing of the applicable U.S. patent classification definitions of the subject matter of the claimed invention. This item may also be titled "Technical Field."
 - (2) Description of the Related Art: A description of the related art known to the applicant and including, if applicable, references to specific related art and problems involved in the prior art which are solved by the applicant's invention. This item may also be titled "Background Art."

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- statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The summary or general distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they contribute to an understanding of the invention.
- (g) <u>Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s)</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A reference to and brief description of the drawing(s) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.74.
- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention: See MPEP § 608.01(g). A description of the preferred embodiment(s) of the invention as required in 37 CFR 1.71. The description should be as short and specific as is necessary to describe the invention adequately and accurately. Where elements or groups of elements, compounds, and processes, which are conventional and generally widely known in the field of the invention described and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, they should not be described in detail. However, where

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particularly complicated subject matter is involved or where the elements, compounds, or processes may not be commonly or widely known in the field, the specification should refer to another patent or readily available publication which adequately describes the subject matter.

- (I) Claim or Claims: See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(m). The claim or claims must commence on separate sheet (37 CFR 1.52(b)). Where a claim sets forth a plurality of elements or steps, each element or step of the claim should be separated by a line indentation. There may be plural indentations to further segregate subcombinations or related steps. See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(I)-(p).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure: A brief narrative of the disclosure as a whole in a single paragraph of 150 words or less commencing on a separate sheet following the claims.
- (k) <u>Drawings</u>: See 37 CFR 1.81, 1.83-1.85, and MPEP § 608.02.
- (l) Sequence Listing, if on paper: See 37 CFR 1.821-1.825.
- 3. It is called to applicant's attention that if a communication is deposited with the U. S. Postal Service and mailed to the Office by First Class Mail before the reply time has expired,

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| | |

applicant may submit the reply with a "Certificate of Mailing" which merely asserts that the reply is being mailed on a given date. So mailed, before the period for reply has expired, the reply may be considered timely. A suggested format for a certificate follows:

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to:

| Assistant Commissioner for Patents |
|--|
| Washington, DC 20231 |
| on(date). |
| |
| Typed or printed name of person signing this certificate |
| |
| |
| Signature |
| |
| Date |

4. This application may qualify for "Small Entity Status" and, therefore, applicant may be entitled to the payment of reduced fees. In order to establish small entity status for the purpose of paying small entity fees, applicant must make a determination of entitlement to small entity status

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under 37 CFR 1.27(f) and make an assertion of entitlement to small entity status in the manner set forth in 37 CFR 1.27(c)(1) or 37 CFR 1.27(c)(3). Accordingly, if applicant meets the requirements of 37 CFR 1.27(a), applicant must submit a written assertion of entitlement to small entity status under 37 CFR 1.27© before fees can be paid in the small entity amount. See 37 CFR 1.27(d). The assertion must be signed, clearly identifiable, and convey the concept of entitlement to small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27(c)(1). No particular form is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 6. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The original specification does not support the body is cylindrical. Also, the spin means is not support in the original disclosure.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

8. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

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the invention. The claim(s) are narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly and positively specified. The structure must be organized and correlated in such a manner as to present a complete operative device. "...The means by which said angle slips to one side upon impact..." is confusing. The claim(s) must be in one sentence form only. Note the format of the claims in the patent(s) cited.

- 9. Claim 9 recites the limitation "the end" in line 6. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 10. Claim 9 recites the limitation "the length" in line 7. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 11. Claim 9 recites the limitation "said spin" in line 10. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. It is not clear if "said spin" relates to "spin means" or not
- 12. Claim 9 recites the limitation "the tight line method of fishing" in line 11. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 13. Claim 10 recites the limitation "the end" in line 7. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 14. Claim 10 recites the limitation "the length" in line 7. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 15. Claim 10 recites the limitation "said angle" in line 8. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 17. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 18. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams et al. in view of Bennett.

The patents to Adams and Bennet show fishing weights. Adams shows a round metal weight such as in Fig. 13 having an eyelet 16 with hemispherical heads and a bend. Adams does not show the eyelet as a hole drilled through the weight. The patent to Bennet shows a weight 48 with an hole 46 near the tip of the weight. In reference to claim 10, it would have been obvious

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to provide Adams with a hole as shown by Bennett since merely one mechanically equivalent attaching means is being substituted for another and the function is the same. As to the size of the weight, the size of the hole, the angle of the bend and the body being 24 times longer than wide; these elements or parameters would be determined by routine experimentation since no showing of criticality was made as to the exact dimensions recited. See In re Rose, 105 USPQ 137 and In re Aller et al., 105 USPQ 233.

19. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams et al. in view of Bennett as applied to claim 6 above, and further in view of Stephenson.

The patents to Adams et al. and Bennett show fishing weights and have been discussed above. The patent to Stephenson shows, in Fig. 2, a fishing weight 32 mounted on a shaft 48 having orings 42, 46 at each end. O-ring 42 is attached to a swivel (not labeled but shown as 22 in Fig. 1) in reference to claim 9, it would have been obvious to provide the weight of Adams as modified by Bennett with a swivel for the purpose of preventing line twists. As to the body being 24 times longer than wide, it would have been obvious to employ routine experimentation to determine the optimum size of the body. See In re Rose, 105 USPQ 137, In re Aller et al., 105 USPQ 233 and In re Dailey et al., 149 USPQ 47.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed Jan. 31, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not 20. persuasive. Applicant argues that Adams teaches away from spinning, but this is not the case since the weight of Adams functions in the same manner as the present invention which is to be a snag free sinker. Whether or not a weight spins or turns in the water would depend on the size, weight, geometry, the obstacles in the water and the method of fishing. Adams shows the same basic structure as the present invention and hence, would function in the same manner during use. Applicant has not shown why Adams would not function in what is referred to as the "tight line method". As to the orientation of Adams in the water, clearly, this would depend on the method of fishing being employed since "tight line" fishing would result in the weight being in a vertical orientation in the water due to the upward force on the line from rod. Hence, the static performance would be the same as the present invention. Whether or not, there is redundancy in the design of Adams is material to patentability since the prior art must show the structure recited noting that applicant has used the open-ended term "comprising". In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., curvature and angle) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Applicant argues Adams uses multiple parts but so does the present invention so the invention is not unitary.

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In response to applicant's argument that Grimes is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Grimes is both in applicant's field of endeavor and also reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which applicant is concerned.

Conclusion

21. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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22.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **KURT ROWAN** whose telephone number is (703) 308-2321.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 306-4195 or (703) 305-3597.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

KURT ROWAN

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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April 9, 2003